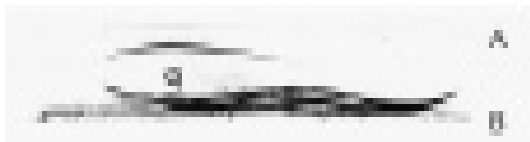


Specializing in custom-made chicken antibodies against "difficult" antigens.

PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS

Product Description:	Fluorescein-Labeled Goat anti-Chicken IgY (heavy and light chains) (affinity-purified)
Catalog Number:	F-1005
Antibody Concentration:	1.0 mg / ml (based on absorbance at 280 nm)
Volume:	500 μ l
Analysis:	Ratio of absorbance at 495/280 = 0.81 Molar F/P ratio = 3.2
Physical State:	Liquid
Buffer:	Phosphate-buffered saline (PBS) (pH 7.2), bovine serum albumin (0.2%, w/v), sodium azide (0.02%, w/v) (as an anti-microbial agent).
Production:	Goats were immunized with purified chicken IgY (whole protein) emulsified in Freund's adjuvant. After multiple injections, goats were bled and serum collected. Antibodies were isolated using affinity chromatography and conjugated to fluorescein isothiocyanate.
Quality Control:	Antibodies were analyzed using immunoelectrophoresis (see below) and immunocytochemistry. In this latter test, abundant fluorescence staining was observed in 3T3 cells after blocking with BlokHen® (1:10 dilution in PBS), incubation with chicken anti-vimentin antibodies (1:1000 dilution in PBS) and then incubation with GGHL-30F-2 (1:200 dilution in PBS).
Recommended Storage Conditions:	Store at 4°C in the dark. Under these conditions, the antibodies should have a shelf life of at least 12 months (provided they remain sterile). For longer storage periods, dilute the antibodies with sterile glycerol and store at -20°C. Do not freeze these antibodies unless you want to store them for longer periods of time.

Note: These antibodies are meant to be used as research laboratory reagents and are not for diagnostic purposes or for therapeutic usage in humans.



Immunoelectrophoresis: Chicken serum (3 μ l) was placed in the center well (at the clear circle) and then subjected to electrophoresis. After electrophoresis was complete, goat anti-chicken serum (75 μ l) was placed in the lower trough and GGHL-30 (75 μ l) (pre-conjugated affinity-purified antibody) was placed in the upper trough. After overnight incubation at 4°C, the gel was washed, fixed and stained with Coomassie. Note the single precipitin line between the center well and upper trough.